

Aurora

Enriching lives, Enriching Communities

Policy on Supporting People's Intimate Care

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Mission Statement

Enable people with complex needs to experience the same rights as every other citizen and as equal members of the community.

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1 Policy Statement

- 1.1. Aurora acknowledges that intimate care is a basic fundamental human need which is carried out in private by individuals.
- 1.2. Aurora attaches the highest importance to ensuring a culture that values the privacy and dignity of all the people we support in the service.
- 1.3. Intimate care is an important area of a person's self-image and respect. A relationship of trust is fundamental to ensure that all people supported receive the same high standards of care.
- 1.4. This policy will give direction to employees who support people living in Aurora in their intimate care based on a person-centered approach and in line with the Trust in Care guidelines.

2 Purpose of the Policy

- 2.1. This policy sets out the standards and approach when providing intimate care to the people supported in Aurora to uphold the person's right to dignity and privacy at all times.
- 2.2. The policy is to safeguard the people supported in Aurora and the employee providing support during intimate care.

3 Scope

3.1. This guideline applies to all Aurora employees providing intimate care support for the people who use Aurora services.

4 Definitions

- 4.1. Intimate care covers tasks associated with bodily functions, body products and personal hygiene which demand direct or indirect contact with or exposure of the sexual parts of the body (Cambridge and Carnaby, 2000).
- 4.2. Intimate care involves washing, touching or carrying out an invasive procedure that most adults carry out for themselves.

- 4.2.1. Examples of intimate care may include:
 - Dressing and undressing.
 - > Assisting someone to use the toilet.
 - Changing continence aids.
 - Providing catheter care.
 - Bathing/showering.
 - Washing intimate parts of the body.
 - Menstrual care.
 - Changing sanitary wear.
- 4.2.2. Some areas of intimate care may include the administration of medical/nursing procedures, such as:
 - > Physical examination for medical purposes.
 - > Administering enemas and suppositories.
 - > Health Screening
 - > Applying/renewing dressings to intimate parts of the body.
 - > Administering per rectum treatments.
 - Administration of injections/ intravenous/subcutaneous fluids.

5 Policy Context

- 5.1. This policy is informed by and should be read conjunction with the following policies:
 - Personal Plan Policy
 - Safeguarding Vulnerable Persons at Risk of Abuse National Policy and Procedures
 - Medication management policy
 - Infection control policy
 - Positive behavior support policy.
 - HSE consent policy
 - Assisted Decision Making Capacity Act
 - Communication policy

6. Basic principles for providing intimate care

- 6.1. It is essential that every person supported is treated as an individual when intimate care is being provided and that appropriate time is taken for intimate care.
- 6.2. It should enhance the quality of life of the individual receiving care and should be provided as gently and sensitively as possible, while respecting their privacy and dignity

- at all times.
- 6.3. The person supported receiving intimate care should be encouraged to express choice and to have a positive image of his/her body.
- 6.4. There are some basic principles to be borne in mind when providing intimate care:
 - Individuals should give their consent prior to the provision of intimate care.
 - Individuals have a right to feel safe and secure.
 - All individuals have the right to personal privacy.
 - All individuals receiving intimate care should be respected and valued as individuals. Individuals should be listened to and their views taken into account. They should be treated courteously at all times and know who is looking after them.
 - Individuals have a right to be treated with dignity and respect and a professional approach from staff when meeting their needs.
 - Individuals have the right to information and support to enable them to make appropriate choices.
 - All individuals have the right to be involved and consulted in their own intimate care to the best of their abilities.
 - Individuals have the right to be accepted for who they are, without regard to age, gender, ability, race, culture or beliefs.
 - All individuals have the right to express their views on their own intimate care and to have such views taken into account.
 - Individuals have the right to know how to complain and have their complaint dealt with.
 - An individual's personal care plan should be designed to lead to independence
 - All individuals have the right to be involved and consulted in their own intimate care
 to the best of their abilities. The details of the will and preference in relation to a
 person personal care is documented within a person's intimate care plan. The
 details of this plan are developed with the person supported, support staff, family
 etc. and where possible lead to independence.
 - Independence Intimate care should also offer opportunities for the person's personal development and extend their personal skills and communication.
 - (HIQA 2014 Intimate care)

FREDA Model of Human Rights



7. Safeguarding and Prevention of Abuse

- 7.1. One of the principal functions of this policy is to safeguard the person supported against the risk of abuse during personal and intimate care. All support staff should be familiar with the safeguarding policy. The person supported intimate care plan review and updated regularly.
- 7.2. The term 'abuse' can be subject to wide interpretation. For the purpose of this policy, abuse is considered to be any form of behavior that violates the dignity of the people we support.
 - Abuse may consist of a single act or repeated acts and may be physical, sexual or psychological/emotional. It may constitute neglect and poor professional practice. It may take the form of isolated incidents of poor or unsatisfactory professional practice, at one end of the spectrum, through to pervasive ill treatment or gross misconduct at the other.
 - Repeated instances of poor care may be an indication of more serious problems within the organization for which the individual employee cannot be held accountable (safeguarding vulnerable people at risk of abuse policy).
- 7.3. It is a requirement that all employees offer intimate and personal care in a manner that is consistent with the guidelines in this policy. It is also an essential requirement that all employees have completed Aurora Safeguarding training and read signed that they understand the 'Safeguarding Vulnerable Persons at Risk of Abuse' National Policy and Procedures and provide support in a manner that is consistent with the guidance contained in this policy.

8 Roles and Responsibilities

8.1. Responsibilities of the Director of Service:

- To ensure that employees are introduced and orientated to intimate care principles and practices as laid out in this policy.
- > To ensure this Policy is monitored regularly and reviewed every two years.
- To promote a human rights-based approach to ensure that, at all times, the dignity and privacy of the people we support will be paramount in addressing intimate care needs.
- To ensure and oversee that the process of supporting and enabling each supported person in meeting their intimate care needs is documented as part of a care plan and regularly reviewed and evaluated.
- > To ensure that the Health and Safety regulations are adhered to by all employees providing intimate care.
- To ensure that procedures for management and the reporting of protection and welfare concerns of all people we support are in place and that employees are aware of these guidelines (Safeguarding vulnerable people at risk of abuse policy).

8.2. Responsibilities of the Person in Charge/PPIM

- > To introduce and orientate employees to intimate care principles and practices as laid out in this policy.
- To ensure that employees, at all times, uphold the human rights-based approach with the people we support when addressing intimate care needs.
- > To ensure that all key team members support and enable each supported person in meeting their intimate care needs as per their Personal Plan and Intimate Care Plan, which is regularly reviewed and evaluated.
- > To ensure that the Health and safety regulations are adhered to by all employees providing intimate care.
- ➤ To ensure that procedures for management and the reporting of protection and welfare concerns of all people we support are in place and that employees are aware of these guidelines (safeguarding vulnerable people at risk of abuse policy).

8.3. Responsibilities of Employees:

- > To be familiar with and adhere to this policy and all other relevant policy.
- > To be aware of and carry out intimate physical care according to the supported person's wishes and/or as documented in their individual personal plan.
- > To uphold a human rights-based approach when addressing intimate care needs.
- To enable each supported person in meeting their intimate care needs as per their Intimate Care Plans, which are regularly reviewed and evaluated.
- To ensure a completed reviewed and updated Intimate Care Plan is in place for each supported person and updated to reflected any changing needs
- To report any major issues or concerns as soon as possible to their Line Manager who can advise on an appropriate response. This may include if the supported person:
 - · Is accidentally hurt by an employee.
 - Seems unusually sore, tender or bruised.
 - Appears to misunderstand or misinterpret what is said or done.
 - Has a very emotional reaction without a known cause.

8.4. Agency and Newly Recruited Employees

It is acknowledged that Aurora ensures newly recruited employees and agency staff require supports during a period of induction. Employees will receive an induction into Aurora's Intimate Care Policy, Intimate Care Plans and where possible, provided with shadow shifts when providing intimate and personal care to people supported. This is recorded on a new staff member induction form.

9 Points to Remember When Providing Intimate Care to Supported Persons

9.1. Hand-washing

Hands should be washed:

- Before starting work.
- > Before personal care/intimate care activities with each supported person.
- Before handling any medical devices (e.g., urinary catheters) and before wound care.
- After handling contaminated items such as dressings, used incontinence wear, etc.
- After removing protective clothing e.g., gloves.
- After using the toilet, blowing nose, covering a sneeze, or assisting a supported person with these activities.
- After personal care/intimate care activities with each supported person.
- > After finishing work.
- Whenever hands become visibly soiled.

9.2. Do's and Don'ts

Do:

- > Restrict jewelry to one flat/wedding ring.
- > Keep nails short, clean and free of nail varnish and artificial nails.
- Care for your hands by moisturizing regularly to protect your skin.
- ➤ Use warm water and pat hands dry rather than rubbing them to minimize chapping.
- Cover any cuts or abrasions with a plaster/band aid and change as necessary.

Don't:

- Use nailbrushes as germs multiply on wet nailbrushes.
- Carry out direct care if you have skin conditions on your hands, i.e., weeping dermatitis (seek medical/occupational health advice for this).

10 Procedure

10.1. The areas outlined in this section will be considered as areas of special importance during the process of providing intimate care and a positive approach will assist in promoting good practice in intimate and personal care.

10.1.1. Communication

- > The level of assistance required with intimate care will be identified by the person supported or is identified within their Intimate Care Plan.
- > The level of assistance required with intimate medical/nursing procedure will be reassessed as required.
- All employees should be familiar with the person's Intimate Care Plan regarding communication needs and the communication methods used by each supported person.
- The supported person should be familiar with the employee providing the intimate care in so far as is reasonably possible.
- The employee will always knock on the door and announce yourself and ask permission to enter any area where a person supported is having intimate time or care.
- Prior to assisting the person, explain what is happening in a straightforward and reassuring way. Initially, approach the supported person from the front, make eye contact and address him/her by their preferred name.
- The supported person's explicit or implied consent to having assistance provided for his or her intimate care needs should be sought on each occasion of providing intimate care.
- When working with people who are not using verbal language and have sensory impairments (hearing/ vision), employees should use clearly understood methods of communication (e.g., Lámh, PECS, sensory cues and signaling intention) with regard to each supported person's communication needs.
- ➤ It is important to address the supported person by name throughout so that he/she is the focus of the support given.
- With intimate care, the touch should be affirmative and supportive, not rough and insensitive, and at a level appropriate to the task.
- At all times provide facilities which afford privacy and modesty whilst ensuring that there is adequate lighting, heating and ventilation for the comfort of the supported person.
- Ensure that all necessary supplies are at hand so that the supported person is not left exposed and unattended while items are located.
- Use discreet observation for bruising, cuts and any abnormalities. If any of the aforementioned is observed, report and record this in the supported person's individual personal plan, complete an incident/near miss form and report to your line manager.
- Check in advance, where possible, that suitable facilities exist for intimate care procedures when out in the community, on holidays, etc.
- Record relevant information in the supported person's personal plan.

10.1.2. Independence

- Employees should encourage the person supported to be involved as far as possible in carrying out their own intimate care.
- Employees should enable person supported to access a chiropodist of their choice in the community or have one visit them in their home for foot care
- ➤ If required following assessment, a skills teaching program should be devised, implemented and evaluated by the lead keyworker and employee team.
- Where a supported person is fully dependent on support, the employee should explain their actions and give him/her choices where possible.

10.1.3. Safety

- Employees should avoid manual handling as much as possible to avoid injury. Risk Assessment forms are available for use and should be completed for each supported person. At all times, hoists and other equipment provided must be used to avoid injury. If a person's needs change, alert a line manager as soon as possible.
- Employees should use protective gloves and follow the hand hygiene guidelines for both the supported person and themselves where appropriate.
- Employees must ensure that the environment in which they are providing the intimate care is safe and suitable for the purpose.
- It is important that the employee providing intimate care informs other employees of their whereabouts and the nature of the intimate care being provided.
- It may be appropriate for two employees to be present with intimate/toileting needs. The supported person's Intimate Care Plan outlines the needs.
- Employees must inform their line manager if any unusual observations or incidents occur during assisting a person with intimate care, e.g., tenderness/soreness of intimate body parts or unexplained bruising and complete incident notifications as per Aurora policy via DMS.
- If the supported person expresses a feeling of unease or vulnerability during intimate care, this must be brought to the attention of the employee's line manager.
- Every effort will be made to adhere to best practice as agreed in this policy; nonetheless, in the event of an injury of a supported person, the accident will be immediately reported to the relevant line manager and incident form to be completed via DMS.
- Utilize protective clothing where necessary and adhere to infection control guidelines when disposing of soiled material or sharps.

10.1.4. Physical contact

- While physical contact may be required to comfort, reassure or assist the people we support, factors in determining its appropriateness must include how comfortable the supported person is with a touch of this nature. It is important that staff remain extra vigilant to a person's body cues to express their comfort or discomfort with physical contact. All of this information must be included in the person's Intimate Care Plan.
- When assisting the people, we support with washing and showering always use their own flannel /other and, where possible, encourage the person to attempt to wash their own genitals.
- Massage can have many therapeutic benefits for people with intellectual disabilities in developing body and sensory awareness. Massage should be confined to parts of the body such as hands, feet and face in order to safeguard the privacy and dignity of the supported person. A care plan directing how a massage will be given to the supported person service must be devised.

10.1.5. Privacy and Dignity

- The environment in which intimate care is provided should be conducive to upholding the rights, dignity and wishes of each supported person.
- The area should be private, warm and free from intrusion of other supported persons or employees. Where possible, the use of a door sign, indicating that intimate care needs are being carried out should be used.
- Doors to areas where intimate care is being carried out should be closed but not locked. If another person wishes to enter the area while care is being carried out, they must knock on the door before entry. All interruptions must be kept to an absolute minimum.
- All individual requirements such as toiletries should be readily available and accessible to hand in carrying out the intimate care needs of the supported person.
- Each of the people we support will have a dressing gown and slippers to be worn when moving from bedrooms to bathrooms and in all communal areas.
- Intimate care issues should remain confidential and not be discussed openly to ensure the supported person's dignity is not compromised.
- ➤ If toileting accidents occur, the supported person should be immediately given clean clothes and assisted to shower/bath to avoid any undue upset to him/her.
- All medical and nursing procedures and exams are carried out in private in order to uphold the dignity of the individual.
- When supporting and enabling a person we support with intimate care needs, any part of the body not being attended to should be covered. Employees should be vigilant in not over exposing the person.

10.1.6. Imagine Enhancement

- At all times employees must encourage, reassure and promote a positive body image when assisting the people, we support with intimate care needs.
- At all times employees should encourage supported persons to have a positive image of his or her body. There are no punitive consequences or derogatory comments made to an individual who may have intimate care needs, i.e., incontinence, weight gain, menstrual hygiene etc.
- Each supported person has a right to information and support to enable them to make appropriate choices re personal grooming.
- ➤ Gentlemen should be enabled to attend their preferred Barbers for a haircut/shave, purchase aftershave if they wish.
- Ladies should be enabled to visit the Hairdressers/Beautician of their choice to have their Hair/Makeup done, nails painted, waxing, purchase some skin care creams, perfume etc.:

10.1.7. Intimate Care when in Community settings

- When being out in the community, the supported person's Personal and Intimate Care plan should be adhered to.
- Check in advance, where possible, that suitable facilities exist for intimate care procedures when out in the community, on holidays etc.
- > The environment in which the intimate care occurs should be conducive to upholding the rights, dignity and wishes of each person.
- > Staff should ensure that they use an appropriately private changing facility as per Intimate Care Plan and/or risk assessment when assisting a supported person with intimate care in a community setting.
- When swimming, staff should ensure that appropriate swimwear of the supported person's choice is used at all times.

11 References

Health Act 2007 (Care and Support of Residents in designated Centre's for Persons with Disabilities), Regulations 201

HIQA Guidance for designated Centre's for Intimate Care, 2014

Health Information and Quality Authority. (2013). National Quality Standards: Residential Services for people with Disabilities.

Health Service Executive. (2005). 'Trust in Care' - Policy for Health Service employees on upholding dignity and welfare of service users. Dublin.

HIQA, Guidance on a Human Rights-based Approach in Health and Social Care Service

An Bord Altranais. (2000). Scope of Nursing and Midwifery Practice Framework Health Information and Quality Authority (2009) National Quality Standards: Residential Services for People with Disabilities.

Carnaby, S. & Cambridge, P. (2000). *Intimate and personal care for people with learning disabilities*. London: Jessica Kingsley Publishers.

Scottish Executive. (1999). Helping hands - guidelines for staff who provides intimate care for children and young people with disabilities.

12 APPENDIX 1 - Intimate Care Plan

Intimate Care Support Plan		
Person Supported		
House		
Identify people involved in developing the support plan with the person supported		
Date completed		
Intimate care plan reviewed annually or sooner if	circumstances change.	
	ach area in relation to Intimate Care i.e., preferences	
for bath/shower or both.		
Identify staff support:		
Level of ability to Self-Care		
Physical Abilities		
Describe Communication [method of communication	n, seeking consent, interaction responses etc.]	
Bathing Preferences: bath/shower preferred produ	cts used	
Medical Needs (stoma care, specific creams prescri	ped etc)	
Equipment / Assistive Devices required		

Social & Environmental needs			
The Late of the La			
Risk Management			
Describe the sequence of steps required to supporting the person's intimate care			
The second secon			
If any of the following Health Screen early warning signs are identified during intimate care please			
document and inform your PIC or person on shift lead immediately.			

1. Breast care

- Any lumps or thickening in your breast.
- Skin dimpling, puckering, or redness.
- Nipple pulled in or flattened.
- Around the nipple rash, flaky or crusted skin
- A change in the shape or size of your breast.
- Swelling in your armpit or around your collarbone.
- Constant pain in one part of your breast or armpit.

2. Cervical Health

- Blood spots or light bleeding between or following periods.
- Menstrual bleeding that is longer and heavier than usual.
- Bleeding after washing, or a pelvic examination.
- Increased vaginal discharge.
- Bleeding after menopause.
- Unexplained, persistent pelvic and/or back pain.

3. Bowel Health

- A change in your bowel habits, including diarrhoea or constipation or a change in the consistency of your stool, that lasts longer than four weeks.
- Rectal bleeding or blood in your stool
- Persistent abdominal discomfort, such as cramps, gas or pain
- A feeling that your bowel doesn't empty completely
- Weakness or fatigue
- Unexplained weight loss

4. Diabetic Retina

- Urinating often.
- Feeling very thirsty.
- Feeling very hungry even though you are eating.
- · Extreme fatigue.
- Blurry vision.
- Cuts/bruises that are slow to heal.
- Weight loss even though you are eating more (type 1)
- Tingling, pain, or numbness in the hands/feet (type 2)

	 5. Testicular care Observe the testicle, penis, scrotum and surrounding area for: Sign of enlarged or swelling Any lumps, bumps, masses or irregularities. Any skin changes. Bruising Warts or rashes Unusual discharge Blood in urine Pain or discomfort passing urine Unexplained pelvic pain. NB: Remember it is normal for one testicle to slightly larger than the other.
Completed By:	
Date Completed:	Review Date:
Signature:	